



13013949

EC
Processing
Section

MAR 01 2013

Washington DC
401UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

OMB APPROVAL	
OMB Number:	3235-0123
Expires:	April 30, 2013
Estimated average burden hours per response.....	12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-49624

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/2012 AND ENDING 12/31/2012
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Seabury Securities, LLC

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

FIRM I.D. NO.

1350 Avenue of the Americas, 25th Floor

(No. and Street)

New York

NY

10019

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

John E. Luth

212-284-1133

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Michael R. Sullivan & Company, Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

1140 Franklin Avenue

Garden City

NY

11530

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- ☒ Certified Public Accountant
☐ Public Accountant
☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

EM
3/9/17

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, John E. Luth, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Seabury Securities, LLC, as of December 31, 2012, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

Signature

Title

Notary Public

ROSAMARIA PEDONE

Notary Public - State of New York

NO. 01PE6117472

Qualified in Kings County

My Commission Expires 10/25/2016

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- ☒ (a) Facing Page.
- ☒ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- ☐ (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- ☐ (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- ☐ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- ☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- ☐ (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- ☐ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- ☒ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- ☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- ☐ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- ☒ (o) Independent auditors' reports on internal control & applying agreed-upon procedures.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Seabury Securities LLC

Seabury Securities LLC

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED December 31, 2012

Seabury Securities LLC
December 31, 2012

Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Facing Page to Form X-17A-5	1a
Affirmation of Officer	1b
Independent Auditors' Report	2-3
Statement of Financial Condition	4
Notes to Financial Statement	5-9
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5	10-12

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Member
Seabury Securities LLC
New York, New York

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Seabury Securities LLC (the Company) as of December 31, 2012, and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Seabury Securities LLC as of December 31, 2012 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Computation of Net Capital pursuant to Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c-3-1, Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements for Brokers and Dealers pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-3 and Statement Pursuant to SEC Rule 17a-5(d)(4) as supplemental information on pages 13, 14 and 15 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.



Michael R. Sullivan & Company
Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

Garden City, New York
February 28, 2013

Seabury Securities LLC
Statement of Financial Condition
For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

ASSETS

Current Assets		
Cash	\$	126,928
Accounts Receivable		250,000
Prepaid Expenses		<u>12,282</u>
Total Assets	\$	<u><u>389,210</u></u>

LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY

Current Liabilities		
Accrued Expenses	\$	16,351
Due to Affiliate		<u>946</u>
Total Liabilities		17,297
Member's Equity		<u>371,913</u>
Total Liabilities and Member's Equity	\$	<u><u>389,210</u></u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Seabury Securities LLC
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

Note 1 - Business Summary

Seabury Securities LLC (the "Company") is a registered broker/dealer and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company does not clear securities transactions or carry customers' accounts on a fully disclosed basis. Accordingly, the Company operates under the provisions of Paragraph (k)(2)(i) of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 and is exempt from the remaining provisions of that rule.

The Company provides financial advisory and investment banking services to aviation and related industries as well as small and medium sized corporations. Services consist of secured asset-based financings, private and public debt/equity offerings and placements, corporate finance and merger and acquisition advisory services.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and bank money market accounts with banks or financial institutions with original maturities of three months or less.

Income Taxes

The Company is a single member Limited Liability Company. Therefore, no provisions for federal or state taxes are made by the Company. A Member of a Limited Liability Company is individually taxed on its pro-rata share of the Company's earnings. The Company is liable for taxes in several states and New York City. Total tax expense for the year ended December 31, 2012 is approximately \$850.

Seabury Securities LLC
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 3 - Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission basic Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1) which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Net capital and the related net capital ratio may fluctuate on a daily basis. At December 31, 2012, the Company had net capital of \$109,631 which was \$104,631 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's net capital ratio was 0.1578 to 1 of aggregate indebtedness to net capital per its FOCUS Report.

Note 4 - Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company maintains cash in bank accounts which at times may exceed federally insured limits.

Seabury Securities LLC
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

Note 5 - Related Party Transactions

Pursuant to a service agreement, the Company's affiliate provides various services and other operating assistance to the Company. These include professional fees, use of fixed assets, travel, insurance, subscriptions, taxes, personnel, benefits and other general and administrative services. The total amount of intercompany charges incurred by the Company was approximately \$497,000. Approximately \$946 was due by the Company to the affiliate related to the service agreement as of December 31, 2012.

Note 6 - Member's Equity

During the year 2012 the Company's member and an affiliate resolved that amounts due them from the Company be transferred to member's equity. The total balance transferred was \$381,261.

Note 7 - Fair Value

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") ASC 820 "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures," for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The adoption of ASC 820 had no effect on the Company's financial statements. ASC 820 accomplishes the following key objectives:

Defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date;

Establishes a three-level hierarchy (the "Valuation Hierarchy") for fair value measurements;

Requires consideration of the Company's creditworthiness when valuing liabilities; and

Seabury Securities LLC
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

Note 7 - Fair Value (continued)

Expands disclosures about instruments measured at fair value.

The Valuation Hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. A financial instrument's categorization within the Valuation Hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The three levels of the Valuation Hierarchy and the distribution of the Company's financial assets within it are as follows:

Level 1 - inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 - inputs to the valuation methodology included quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.

Level 3 - inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

Certain financial instruments are carried at cost on the balance sheet, which approximates fair value due to their short-term, highly liquid nature. These instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accrued expenses and other liabilities, and deferred revenue.

Note 8 Subsequent Events

These financial statements were approved by management and available for issuance on February 28, 2013. Subsequent events have been evaluated through that date.

Seabury Securities LLC
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

Note 9 - Uncertain Tax Positions

The Company's federal, state and local tax returns are subject to possible examination by the taxing authorities until expiration of the related statutes of limitations on those tax returns. In general, the federal and state income tax returns have a three year statute of limitations. The Company would recognize accrued interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax positions, if any, as part of the income tax provision.

**Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control
Required by SEC Rule 17a-5**

To the Member
Seabury Securities LLC
New York, New York

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Seabury Securities LLC (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and recordations of differences required by Rule 17a-13.

2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Member, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Michael R. Sullivan & Company".

Michael R. Sullivan & Company
Certified Public Accounts, P.C.

Garden City, New York
February 28, 2013